7. Chitrakote, Chhattisgarh

ubbed the 'Niagara of India,

Chitrakote Falls on the Indravati River is a spectacular

sight, especially during the monsoon. Surrounded by dense forests,

it's a haven for nature enthusiasts

hidden paradise in Kashmir,

Gurez Valley offers untouched

natural beauty, complete with lush

meadows, wooden houses, and snow-

clad mountains. It's an ideal destina-

tion for trekking, fishing, and soak-

A Peek into Ancient Civilization

🞵 or history buffs, *Dholavira* in

Heritage Site, provides a fascinat

ing glimpse into the Indus Valley

Civilization. Explore the well-pre

served ruins and water conserva

tion systems that date back thou

Gujarat, a UNESCO World

9. Dholavira, Gujarat

and photographers.

8. Gurez Valley, J&K

#SCIENCE

Scientists Produced a Particle of Light That Simultaneously Accessed 37 Different Dimensions

It's got us beat by 34.





assical and quantum mechanics don't really get along as the science of the subatomic can get. glement, which says that the state of one particle can be determined by examining the state of its entangled pair, regardless of distance. This strange fact flies in the face of classical physics, and even led Albert Einstein to famously describe this quantum quirk as 'spooky action at a dis-

This is what is known as quantum nonlocality,' where objects are influenced across distances (seeming beyond the speed of light) whereas classical physics follows local theory, the idea that objects are influenced by their immediate surroundings. This is a pretty sharp divide as explained by the famous *no-go* theorem known as the Greenberger-Horne-Zeilinger (GHZ) paradox, which essentially details how quantum theory cannot be described by local realistic description. Named for the physicists

who described the paradox in 1989, GHZ-type paradoxes show that when particles can only be influenced by proximity, they produce mathematical impossibilities. The paradox can even be expressed through a calculation where 1 equals -1. This paradox is useful in showing how quantum properties cannot described using classical means, but a new paper pub-

international team of scientists wanted to see how unclassical particles of light could get, and the results were maybe stranger than the authors originally anticipated. This extremely technical experiment produced pho tons, or particles of light, that existed in 37 dimensions. Just as you and I exist in three dimension, plus an additional temporal dimension, these photons required 37 similar reference points. "This experiment shows

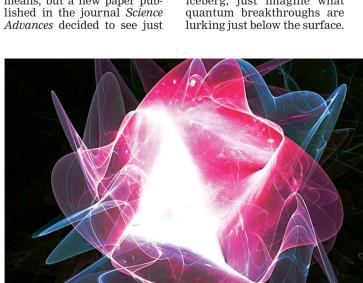
how strange these paradoxes

could get. Essentially, an

that quantum physics is more nonclassical than many of us thought," says Technical University of Denmark's Zhenghao Liu, a co-author of the study "It could be that 100 years after its discovery, we are still only seeing the tip of Pulling this off is not an

easy thing to do as Liu and his team needed to feed a version of the GHZ paradox into coherent light, even in color and wavelength, so that they could easily manipulate the photons. This essentially resulted in the most 'nonclassical effects in the quantum world' that's ever been created. "We believe that this work has opened several avenues for future research," the authors write. "We hope our findings can be used to build even stronger quantum advantages in high-dimen-

sional systems. In other words, if we've only discovered the tip of the iceberg, just imagine what



jeweler family, who provided both,

was inundated with calls when the

movie was released. Sudhir

Kasliwal recounts that Benegal's

daughter, Pia, herself came down

to go through the collection, for

the right pieces. Since the jewelry

was all real, a responsible man

from the unit collected it and

returned it. Sadly, Sudhir recalls,

Rekha requested him to do a photo

shoot for her, but he had declined.

saying that he did not photo film

artists. Though, as an unearned

consolation, he got an auto

graphed painting from Rekha as a

gift. But, going back to Shyam, just

when mainstream Hindi cinema

stepped into an exciting new

phase, with the rise of the 'Angry

Young Man' in the '70s, Shyam

Benegal made a stunning debut as

the writer and director of Ankur

(The Seedling, 1974), propelling

the parallel cinema movement in

Ankur was a searing criticism of

the caste system and rural feudal-

ism in India and received wide

spread national and international

acclaim. This ensured a phenome-

nal start to his film career as the

then 40-vear-old Benegal became a

'disruptor,' who, with his powerful

storytelling and touch of social

realism, established himself as a

modern master and a visionary in

90, passed away in Wockhardt hos-

before him, including Satyajit Ray

and Ritwik Ghatak, Shyam

Benegal found a pan-Indian audi-

ence and international distribu-

tors. That widened the reach of

his work. Yet, the writer-director

didn't limit himself to making

movies. His impressive body of

Shvam Benegal, who turned

Unlike art house filmmakers

the years that followed.

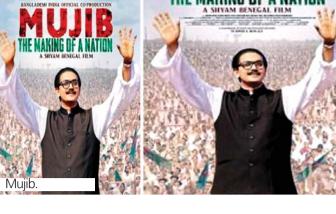
pital in Mumbai.

A refreshingly original movie













their talent but also showcased it

in the best possible way, and creat-

ed several landmark characters of

Trimulgherry, Secunderabad.

British India (now part of

Hyderabad, Andhra Pradesh

India). Benegal's father was a

professional photographer, origi-

nally from Karnataka, and, as a

result, Benegal grew up speaking

mostly Konkani and English, and

with an appreciation of the visu-

al arts. He was a cousin of film

maker, Guru Dutt, and an early

Satvajit Rav. Benegal graduated

with a degree in economics from

Nizam College, a constituent col-

ege of Osmania University in

Hvderabad, Andhra Pradesh

(now in Telangana), India, where

he started a film society. He

began his professional life in

Bombay (now Mumbai), working

admirer of Bengali filmmaker,

Born on December 14, 1934, in

Benegal continued to push the envelope and tell the stories he believed in. He expanded his oeuvre in the '90s to direct Suraj Ka Satvan Ghoda (1993), an adaptaion of the famous novel by Dharmavir Bharati, and biopics such as The Making of the Mahatma (1996). He directed a much-acclaimed trilogy about female Muslim protagonists. Mammo (1994), Sardari Begum (1994) and Zubeidaa (2001). In later years, he made *Netaji* Subhas Chandra Bose: The Forgotten Hero (2005), Welcome to Sajjanpur (2008), and Well Done Abba (2010). A tireless master, Benegal, at the age of 87, helmed a prestigious India-Bangladesh co-production, *Mujib:* Making of a Nation, his last

Mujib: The Making Of A

Nation movie review: A bland, hv-the-numbers biopic of Sheikh Mujibur Rahman Blessed with boundless creative energy, he reinvented himself as a director at different stages of his career. He also experimented with different themes, subjects, and formats and made over 20 feature films. documentaries and short films. What was remarkable is that most of his work stood the test of time and remains relevant even today. Benegal's women have been assertive, independent, and feisty. They have driven the narrative in movies such as Ankur. Nishant. Bhumika, Mandi, Mammo, Sardari Begum, Zubeida, and Hari Bhari. They were flawed but came with their individuality. Some of the Indian screen's most talented artistes, including

for an advertising agency. He started as a copywriter and soon advanced to filmmaker. In that position, he made more than 900 commercials and advertising films and 11 corporate films as well as a number of documentaries. He taught at and twice (1980-83, 1989-92) served as chair of the Film Institute of India (now the Film and Television Institute of India) in Pune. sadly, but remembered. He can't be

forgotten, his work won't let people forget him. His movies had people, authentic people. Naseeruddin Shah, Shabana rajeshsharma1049@gmail.com

#INCREDIBLE INDIA

Travel Goals 2025

Step off the beaten path and discover these underrated destinations to experience a side of India, that's both refreshing and unforgettable.

taken its update your travel bucket list. While India is renowned for its

s the New Year has and Kerala's backwaters, the country also boasts a treasure trove of lesser-known destinations. These hidden gems offer unique experiences, away from the usual crowds. Here are some underrated Indian destinations

1. Mawlynnong, Meghalay



The Cleanest Village in Asia

World's Largest River Island

N estled in the East Khasi Hills, *Mawlynnong* is celebrated for its pristine beauty and eco-friendly practices. Known as the 'Cleanest Village in Asia,' it offers a glimpse of sustainable living. Stroll through picturesque streets, marvel at the Living Root Bridge, and soak in the oreathtaking views from the Sky View Tower.



Marble Rocks and Waterfalls

 $M^{\it ajuli,}$ the world's largest river island on the ocated near Jabalpur, ■ Bhedaghat is famous for its towering marble cliffs along the Narmada River. Take a boat ride during moonlit nights to witness the cliffs' surreal beauty. Don't miss the Dhuandhar Falls, where the river plunges with thunderous

force, creating a misty spectacle.



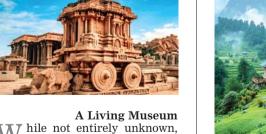
ften overshadowed by Darjeeling, Kalimpong is a tranquil hill station, offering breath-taking views of the Himalayas. Explore its colonial architecture, vibrant flower markets, and Buddhist monasteries like Zang Dhok Palri Phodang. Don't miss the cactus nursery for its rare collection.

5. Tawang, AP



erched at 10,000 feet, *Tawang* lovers and spiritual seekers. Home to the Tawang Monastery, one of the largest in India, it's surrounded by snow-capped peaks, high-altitude lakes, and lush valleys. The Sela Pass is a

6. Hampi, Karnataka



A Music Lover's Haven nown for the Ziro Festival of Music, this tranquil valley is home to the Apatani tribe. With its rolling hills, lush paddy fields, and unique bamboo architecture, Ziro is a perfect retreat for cultural enthusiasts

#JAIPUR'S CONNECTION

Unlike some of his contemporaries, whose career took a backseat when the

parallel cinema movement lost its steam, Shyam Benegal continued to

push the envelope and tell the stories he believed in. He expanded

his oeuvre in the '90s to direct Suraj Ka Satvan Ghoda (1993),

an adaptation of the famous novel by Dharmavir Bharati,

and biopics such as *The Making of the Mahatma* (1996)

He directed a much-acclaimed trilogy about female

of a Nation, his last movie.

Muslim protagonists, Mammo (1994), Sardari Begum (1994) and Zubeidaa (2001). In later years, he made Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose: The Forgotten Hero (2005), Welcome to Sajjanpur (2008), and Well Done Abba (2010). A tireless master, Benegal at the age of 87, helmed a prestigious India-Bangladesh co-production, Mujib: The Making



This picture is of one of the cars that was used for the film *Zubeidaa* by Shyam Benegal. The film was shot in Jaipur in the year 1999. Besides, he also borrowed authentic jewellery for the film shoot. Her daughter, Pia Benegal, assisted in selection of jewellery. Shyam Benegal himself came to see and select the cars with his daughter, Pia Benegal. If I remember correctly, the shooting in Jaipur was at Ramgarh, Polo Ground, Narain Niwas Hotel, besides other places.

work includes a host of landmark television shows and documentaries, including landmark series such as Yatra (1986) and Bharat *Ek Khoi* (1988). The 53-episode Bharat Ek Khoi, based on Nehru's book Jawaharlal Discovery of India, was an ambitious project that familiarised the audience with India's 5,000-year history, myths and ethos through 2014, Rajya Sabha TV started tele-

casting Samvidhaan, a 10-part

series, directed by Benegal that focused on the making of the Constitution of India. Shvam Benegal's *Manthan*, to be screened at Cannes, was one of the earliest examples of crowdfunded films

Shyam Benegal's movies and aesthetics played a major role in the parallel cinema movement of the 70s and 80s. As Benegal directed some of his best movies. Ankur, Nishant (1975), Manthan (1976), *Bhumika* (1977), and Junoon (1979), he emerged as a strong cinematic voice and a force to reckon with. Tirelessly, the director continued to push his boundaries. In the 80s, he made critically acclaimed movies such as *Kalyug* (1981), *Arohan* (1982), Mandi (1983), Trikaal (1985), and Susman (1987), apart from diving

into the world of television. Unlike some of his contempo raries, whose career took a backseat when the parallel cinema movement lost its steam, Shyam

Azmi, Smita Patil, Amrish Puri,

CHRISTMAS

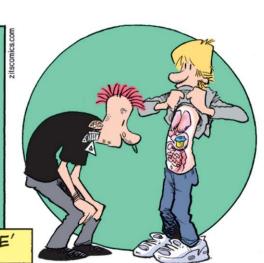
JUST GOT

MORE

INTERESTING!

By Rick Kirkman & Jerry Scott ZITS





By Jerry Scott & Jim Borgman

THE WALL

hvam Benegal is no

more, at 90. He had a

special place in

Jaipur because of his

here. We have taken

time to write about

him as he needs that

special considera

tion. Herein lies the

beyond his time. Self-trained as a

cinematographer, while produc-

ing advertisement films, he actual-

ly fine honed his skills as a power-

ful conveyer of a message

Uncomfortable messages, ves

Manthan had to be crowdfunded

He travelled a long distance from

there, but didn't shed his comfort

for the uncomfortable. He shot

unaccepted princess and her trag-

ic end. Sounds like so many

prince- princess stories that

grandma relates at night to sleep-

less children. But this was a true

story, of a real Prince and a real

Princess, and he shot the movie in

fine jewelry. Kundan meena. Well-

have one in their collection

to-do north Indians almost always

Authentic jewelry was used to

keep close to authentic narration

story connected to the highest

name in Rajput Lineage. The cred-

its for the jewelry, as also the

antique car used in the picturisa-

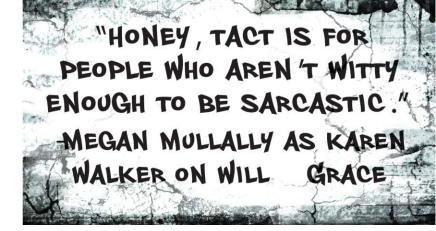
tion, were dutifully done, and the

in the story and the grandeur of a

Jaipur has a live tradition of

a real palace. Narain Niwas.

Zubeidaa in Jaipur, a story of an



BABY BLUES

REMEMBER.

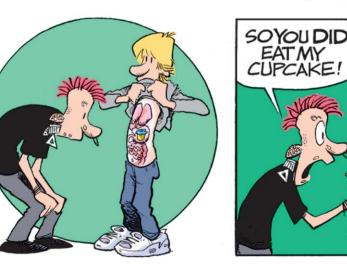
SAINT NICK

IS WATCHING.

WHO?



Shyam Benegal will be missed







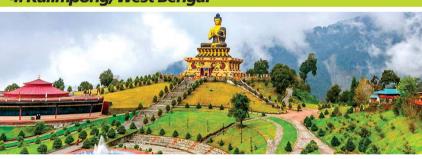


Indian cinema

Girish Karnad, and Kulbhushan Kharbanda, either made their debut under his direction or worked extensively with Benegal during the initial phase of their careers. He not only identified

Brahmaputra River, is a serene escape. It's known for its vibrant culture, ancient monasteries (Satras), and stunning landscapes. Visit during the *Raas* festival to witness traditional Assamese dances and performances.

4. Kalimpong, West Bengal



Beyond Darjeeling's Shadow



A Hidden Himalayan Gem **VV** *Hampi* often takes a backis a paradise for nature seat to popular destinations. This UNESCO World Heritage Site is a treasure trove of ancient ruins, temples, and bouldered landscapes. Explore the Virupaksha Temple, Vittala Temple, and the Hampi Bazaar to step back in time.

10. Ziro Valley, AP

sands of years.

