Veteran Doctor &

on medical affairs

he famous/notori-

ous book Mother

India by Kathrine

Mayo in 1927, was a

relentless recount-

ing of horrors, over-

flowing with Mayo's

utter contempt for

the people of India,

their faith, belief,

Mahatma Gandhi opined that it

Recent judgments of Rajathan

State Consumer Fora with their

utter contempt of medical profes-

sion, its faith, belief and practices

It was a case of Hirschsprung's

Disease. It is congenital condition

in which nerve cells responsible

for the movement of bowel are

absent. This may occur in short or

long segment of bowel to be deter-

mined by sequential multiple biop

sies. Since the effected segment of

the bowel does not move the fecal

matter has difficulty in getting

across it and the feces are retained

inside the colon. The new born

child is unable to pass stool, gets

constipated and his abdomen

swells. The only curative and per-

manent treatment is to remove the

diseased segment surgically to

In this case the parents chose

bypass the obstruction.

was a 'Gutter inspector's report'.

culture and practices.

has a very close parallel.

राष्ट्रदुत

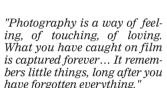
#PHOTO EXHIBITION

The 'Mahakumbh' of Photography

To mark the 'World Photography Day' on 19 August, a 3-day photography exhibition 'Nazar' was organized at Jawahar Kala Kendra. The exhibition displayed as many as 200 works of over 100 photographers which included administrative officers, photo journalists, professional photographers as well as students.







have forgotten everything. -Aaron Siskind he 'long weekend' that recently passed unleashed a wave of inspiration, new per

spectives and vigour for shutterbugs in the Pink City, as a 3day photography exhibition at Jawahar Kala Kendra (JKK) --Nazar' - had on display over 200 photographs of over 100 photographers from 19 August to 21 August. The exhibition. being held as a part of the Jaipur Photo Festival, served ate photographers from various walks of life such as administrative officers, photo journalists, professional pho-



Shutterbugs from diverse

walks of life unite at Nazar The pictures on display were clicked by a diverse group of photographers from not just the state but also from across the country. While photography enthusiasts from Jaipur, Jodhpur, Bikaner, Barmer Sawai Madhopur, Udaipur participated in the show from Ra asthan, people from areas like Jammu, Kashmir, Tamil Nadu and Madhya Pradesh also had their works on display. In the international category, photographs clicked by snappers from Denmark, Muscat and Australia were also a part of the exhibition. Some of the

graph clicked from this vintage camera was also a part of the exhibits at the exhibition. Detailed workshops with photo journalists Raideep Sharma and Suman Sarkar also helped the visitors and amateur pho tographers to understand the intricacies of the art and science of photography.

tion, Renuka Kumawat shared that the objective of 'Nazar Photo Exhibition was to provide a platform for all photographers. It also served as a motivation for photography enthusiasts to take up the art and pursue it with dedication and zeal. More such exhibitions and workshops will also be organized in the future, she in-







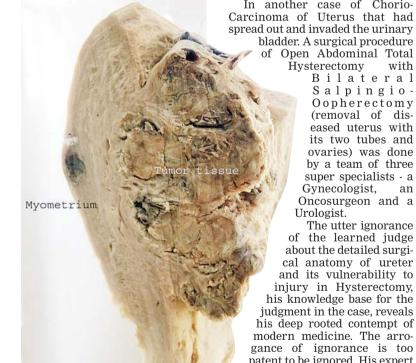
tographs were on display included IAS Pawan Arora, Dr Neeraj K Pavwan, IFS Ariiit Baneriee and Former State

ast, Bina Kak, **Evocative Photographs** as well as a vintage camera were crowd pullers

Minister and wildlife enthusi-

From forests and wildlife to the rich and colourful culture of Rajasthan, from a 22 feet long moustache to the stills from everyday life, the exhibition beautifully captured the multitude of hues of life.

A great attraction at the show was the display of a vincamera of Tikamchand acquainted the visitors with the process of using vintage cameras for clicking photographs. A photo-



Cervix

The patron of the exhibi-

similarly. A medical analysis of the evidence on record in the case however reveals the contrary. Facts speak for themselves.

The judgment has been relied upon in several cases to conclude

In the landmark judgment in V. KISHAN RAO v. NIKHIL SUPER

SPECIALITY HOSPITAL & ANOTHER (Civil Appeal No. 2641 of 2010),

MARCH 8, 2010 their Lordships G.S. SINGHVI AND ASOK KUMAR

GANGULY, invoking the doctrine of res ipsa loguitur, had held that

the facts of the case and the evidence on record was sufficient to

conclude that 'it was a case of simple malaria that was treated for

typhoid, resulting in death of the patient'. That no expert opinion or

independent medical assistance was needed to conclude the same.

not to get the child operated. Consequently, as the child grow the remaining fecal matter keep on increasing, it gets converted into hard fecoliths filling the entire large bowel. At the age of 15, when the boy was admitted in critical condition the abdomen was virtually a septic tank. The associated malnutrition led to severe anemia that could not be corrected even with 20 blood

#NEEM-HAKIM

transfusions. The learned judge's findings recorded in the judgment reveal his abominable ignorance of the nedical condition, his arrogance of ignorance and utter contempt of modern medicine. The patient had been treated by a highly qualified and competent pediatric sur-

The learned judge's observations

■ "Mareej ke sirf kabj ki bimari thee jo sadharntaya bharatvarsh me kafi vyaktivon me payee jati hai. Pura mal visarjan nahin hone par vah pet me jama ho jata hai. Iske best chikitsa ayurvedic chikitsak hote hai jo dayayion ke jariye mal nikaal dete hai tatha pet saaf kar dete hai yadi yeh mal jyada jama ho to enema laga kar mal nikal diva jata hai.

"Anaemia ka ilai iron va vita mins dwara kiva jana chahiye tha. Mareej ko 20 units rakt aad haan dene ki ayashakta hi nahi In another case of Chorio-

> bladder. A surgical procedure Open Abdominal Total Hysterectomy with Bilateral Salpingio-Oopherectomy (removal of diseased uterus with its two tubes and ovaries) was done by a team of three super specialists - a Gynecologist, an Oncosurgeon and a

The utter ignorance about the detailed surgical anatomy of ureter and its vulnerability to iniury in Hysterectomy. his knowledge base for the indgment in the case, reveals his deep rooted contempt of modern medicine. The arrogance of ignorance is too patent to be ignored. His expert Ureter pet ka ek organ hai

o kidney se bladder tak urine

hunchata hai. Yah do kidnev

ke hisab se do hote hai. Ek right

kidney ka ek left kidney ka. Yah

Gutter Inspector's Report

right kidney right bladder se sambhandhit hai. Ureter ek prakar ki nalki (tube) hoti hai jo chiknee peshee tantu se bani hoti hai. Uski lambai 25 se 30 centimetre yani 10 se 12 inch tak hoti hai tatha iski motai 3 se 4 mm yani 0.12 se 0.16 inch tak moti hoti hai. Andar ka jo bhaag jiske jarive urine jata haj uski motai patang udaane vale majhe iitani hoti hai. Is se chhed chhaad karne par chipkne ka khatara rahta hai, puncture

hone ka khatara rahta hai. And the learned judge had the audacity to advice on the basis of this 'medical knowledge', the three well qualified and trained super specialists, how the surgery should have been performed

to avoid injury to the ureter. Operation ke baad urology se sambandhit samasya aayi. Bachedani bahut badi thi tatha bladder ureter aadi chipke huve

Bladder ureter aadi chipke huye the jisko pahle alag karna tha uske baad bachedani nikalni

Ureter alag to kiya parantu uska

'Cardio-respiratory arrest' is not a cause of death. It is a mode of death. No one dies without his heart and respiration stopping. 'Simple malaria' does not kill anybody.

ilaaj nahi kiya gaya, na to dye daal kar yah test kiya gaya ki ureter sahi kaam kar rahi hai ya

Doctor ka farj tha ki dye ke jariye ukt ureter ke test kar leta ki vah sahi kam kar rah ya nahi? Yadi vah kisi bhag par pichak rahi hai to us sthaan par stent daalna chahiye ta ki pichak na sake. Parantu doctor ne aisa nahi kiya sirf bahar se dekh liya ki ureter ko kshati nahi pahunchi, yadi bahar se leak ho jata to peshaab apne aap us surakh ke jariye bahaar aana shuru ho jata tatha khulkar yah pata chal jata tatha jo kidney pata chala vah kaharb nahi hoti. ■ Ureter ka upchar ho jata is liye leak hone ka prashn hi

> utpann nahi hota. As the urinary bladder was open the urologist in the team had verified the integrity of ureters by catheters through their visible openings and flushing them

The learned judge's dictate that he should have used a 'dye' and put a 'stent' only shows arrogant contempt for the competence of a qualified and trained urologist in modern medicine. It is such contempt for the people of India in Mayo's report that prompt ed Gandhi to call it a gutter inspectors report

Supreme Injustice

Res ipsa loquitur – the thing speaks for itself. In the landmark judgmen in V. KISHAN RAO v. NIKHIL SUPER SPECIALITY HOSPI-TAL & ANOTHER (Civil Appeal No. 2641 of 2010), MARCH 8. 2010 their Lordships G.S. SINGHVI AND ASOK KUMAR GANGU-LY, invoking the doctrine of res ipsa loquitur, had held that

the facts of the case and the evidence on record was sufficient to conclude that 'it was a case of simple malaria that was treated for typhoid, esulting in death of the patient' That no expert opinion or independ ent medical assistance was needed to conclude the same. The judgment has been relied

upon in several cases to conclude A medical analysis of the evidence on record in the case however reveals the contrary. Facts speak

for themselves A. Court's Observations

Patient admitted for intermit tent fever with chills and rigor. Peripheral blood film examina-

Medical interpretation of the record: A P Falciparum positive patient

B. Courts observation/finding

■ Patient was a simple case of

tion at the time of getting admit-

ted in the hospital initially was

ated or sequestered in microvas-

culature, as it occurs in

Falciparum, it is not visible in

peripheral blood and requires

repeated examinations of

peripheral blood to catch them

in appropriate cycle of

The detection of P Falciparum

on later examination in a coma-

tose patient having ARDS, the

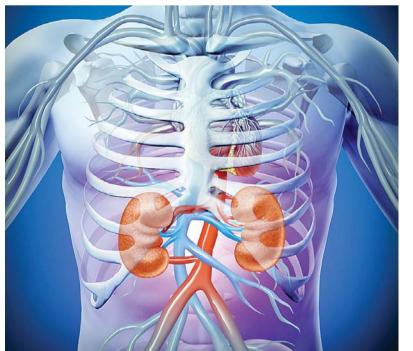
infection was most likely to be

Cerebral Malaria caused by F

Falciparum.

Falciparum.

Cerebral Malaria.



negative for malarial parasite. he first two, Monocef and Later examination revealed Cifran are broad spectrum It was a simple case of malaria. wide spectrum of bacterial infections including Typhoid bacillus. In acute conditions a Detection of malarial parasites in peripheral blood needs repeated examinations. In case of P Falciparum, whence the parasitized RBCs are incarcer-

a 'simple case of malaria'.

forms & Gametocytes of P Falciparum seen Positive index-2-3/100 RBCS, deranged prothrombin levels (PT-TEST-22 sec CONTROL-13 sec. APTT-TEST-92 sec CONTROL-38 sec). CBP-HB-3.8% TLC30.900/cumm, RBC-1.2/cumm, CXR-s/oARDS.

30 thousand shows that the patient simultaneously suffered from severe bacterial infection.

■ This is substantiated by the treatment of the patient with broad spectrum antibacterial antibiotics and injectable chloroquine, as documented in the records available.

C. Relied by the court for

■ Cause of Death certificate: 'Cardio respiratory arrest

Medical interpretation:

the certifying doctor the cause of death certificate should have

'Simple malaria' does not kill.

antibiotics that are used to treat combination of broad spectrum antibiotics are used to cover all possible life threatening bacterial

with total leukocyte count of 30900/cumm) with ARDS (Acute respiratory syndrome) was not

Raised leukocyte count of over The patient suffered from life threatening bacterial infection and cerebral malaria, a deadly combination.

cause of death of patient

INJ CHOLROQUINE.

Death Certificate as -'Cardio-respiratory arrest' is not a cause of death. It is a mode of death. No one dies without his heart and respiration stopping

■ With the evidence available to

Smear for MP-Positive-ring

■ The first two, Monocef and

■ It is grossly improper Cause of

Underlying condition (cause):

dard antimalarial drug against

court that the patient was exclu-

sively treated for typhoid is con-

trary to the available evidence

on record. Same is true for the

inference that patient was not

This was based on the lack of

proper appreciation, interpreta-

tion and understanding of the

medical evidence on record. The

medical evidence of severe bac-

terial infection, septicemia,

ARDS and cerebral malaria

were too complex to be inter-

preted by lay persons without

the availability of medical

expertise. The court's decision

that no such assistance was

needed or called for is what has

resulted into gross injustice,

The conclusion of the Hon'ble

court that it was a straight forward

case of medical negligence, eviden

on the face of it (a case of 'malaria

treated for 'typhoid') on the basis of

dence on record speaks for itself.

SDM Hospital, Jaipur

Director Legal and Medical Audit

medically speaking.

■ The conclusion of the Hon'ble

P Falciparum malaria

treated for malaria.

Septicaemic shock and ARDS Antecedent conditions: Severe bacterial infection and cerebral Malaria. A vital legal document executed

incorrectly in such a casual manner. Had a proper cause of death certificate been executed on the basis of patient's record made available to the court they would not have come to the conclusion that the patient died because a 'simple case of malaria was treated for typhoid'.

. Court's observation/findings ■ Patient treated for Typhoid and not for malaria.

Medical evidence:

Patient was treated with ■ INJ MONOCEE

Cifran are broad spectrum antibiotics that used to treat wide spectrum of bacterial infections including Typhoid bacillus. In acute conditions a combination of broad spectrum antibiotics are used to cover all

tion of specific microorganism. Simultaneously, the patient is covered for possible malarial

■ Injectable Chloroquine is a stan-

possible life threatening bacteri

al infections pending identifica



irroring a finding in humans, diabetes diagcompared to any other season or region, a new study shows. For the study in PLOS ONE.

researchers looked at 960 pet dogs with diabetes mellitus living

about their pets including their dog's age, date and age at the time of diabetes diagnosis and state of

19% in the fall

When the researchers looked at geographic regions of the US, the North stood out with 46% of diagnoses occurring in dogs of this region compared to 27% in the South, 15% in the central US, and 12% in the West. This is despite the fact that many more dogs - more than 31 million reside in the South compared to about 24 million in the North and about 13 million each in the central and West regions.

lay interpretation of the treatment of complex medical conditions is presumptuous to say the least. writetoarbit@rashtradoot.com It was supreme injustice to the medical profession. The medical evi-

More Dogs Diagnosed With Diabetes



noses in dogs are significantly more likely to occur in the winter and in the northern US

across the United States. Though the findings don't explain the underlying cause of this correlation the link with cold weather hints at future possibilities to

To investigate the relationships between geography, seasonality and diabetes, Hess and Penn Vet colleagues recruited dogs with the condition from across

the US, reaching out to all of the nation's veterinary schools, the American Kennel Club and breed clubs, leveraging social media to gain the broadest sample possi-

For 669 dogs, the date of diabetes diagnosis was known. Of those 33% were diagnosed in the winter compared to 24% in the spring 24% in the summer and

"I was surprised we

"This link is something that has been discussed in regard to humans with type 1 diabetes, but it's never been rigorously looked at in dogs," says Rebecka Hess, a professor of internal medicine in the University of Pennsylvania School of Veterinary Medicine. and senior author of the study. "It's important to explore

because dogs and people live in the same world. If the environment - cold temperatures and seasonality - are important in this disease in both species, it gives us something to look at with further

Owners filled out surveys

"To be honest I was surprised we found this connection even though it had been hinted at before. I was always skeptical of the data," says Hess. "But when I saw our results it was quite clear. The findings were strengthened by the fact that diabetes diagnoses were more prevalent in both the winter and the North. Results would have been more dif-

found this connection even though it had been hinted at before."



ficult to interpret if, for example we had found increased prevalence in the winter but also in the

Of the dogs in the study 3% developed diabetes before they were 1 year old. Like the diag noses made in adulthood these more common in colder months and in the North but did not correlate to any particular breed, the

Hypotheses about the connec tion between colder and more northerly climates and diabetes diagnoses in humans include links to vitamin D deficiency diet, lifestyle and viral infections In dogs the diet connection seems

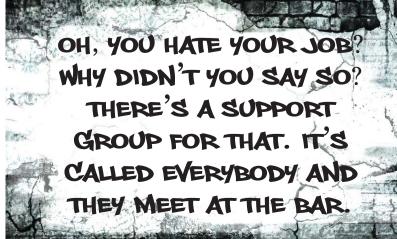
In addition she says, over weight and obese dogs aren't at higher risk of developing dia betes so a connection with exer cise or lack thereof seems unlike

In Hess' view, the culprits are more likely to involve how the body processes either vitamin D or insulin. In human studies lower levels of vitamin D have been connected with an increased likelihood of diabetes. And lower temperatures lead to declines in insulin sensitivity. Hess also says some researchers have floated a connection to a viral infection that may be more prevalent in

cold weather. "Given the close relationship between humans and dogs, and the parallels we see when it comes to diabetes it behooves us

By Jerry Scott & Jim Borgman

THE WALL



BABY BLUES



ZITS



WHAT

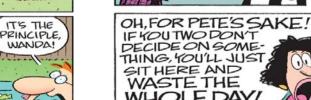








HAPPY FATHERS



DAY, DAD LET'S DO SOMETHING!

TOGETHER.



