



Celebrating Style and Function

International Handbag Day, observed annually on October 10, honors one of fashion's most iconic and versatile accessories: the handbag. Beyond functionality, handbags reflect personal style, status, and creativity, seamlessly combining fashion with utility. From timeless leather totes to modern crossbody designs, they carry essentials while making bold style statements. The day celebrates craftsmanship, innovation, and iconic designs that have shaped the fashion industry. It also highlights the handbag's role in empowering individuals, serving not just as a practical companion but as a symbol of personal expression and elegance in everyday life.

#HOME MADE

The Secret is Garlic Paste Infused with Olive Oil

The Irresistible Charm of Homemade Garlic Bread: A Simple Recipe for Maximum Flavor



Garlic bread is a beloved classic that has graced dinner tables worldwide for decades. Whether paired with pasta, soup, or enjoyed on its own as a snack, the rich aroma and comforting taste make it a universal favorite. While store-bought versions exist, nothing quite compares to the fresh, vibrant flavors of garlic bread made from scratch. And the best part? It's incredibly simple to prepare, using everyday ingredients that come together to create a lasting impression.

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The secret to outstanding garlic bread lies in the garlic paste infused with olive oil. By soaking fresh garlic cloves in high-quality olive oil and then mashing them into a smooth paste, you unlock the true essence of garlic, aromatic yet mellow, with a lingering warmth that's neither overpowering nor harsh. Olive oil, with its fruity undertones, not only carries the garlic flavor but also adds a subtle richness that elevates the entire dish.

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To this garlicky base, you add butter, the key ingredient that brings richness and a creamy texture to the spread. Butter melts beautifully during baking, sealing in the bread's nooks and crannies and creating a perfectly moist bite every time. Adding cheese, typically mozzarella or parmesan, introduces an irresistible gooeyness and a



The Iron Hand of Götz von Berlichingen

When not engaged as a warrior, he kidnapped nobles for ransom and attacked convoys of merchants for booty, activities that twice put him under ban of the empire. He led a section of rebels in the Peasants' War (1525), but after claiming that he had been compelled by the rebels to do so, he was acquitted by the imperial chamber. In 1512, near the town of Forchheim, due to a long running and bitter feud with Nuremberg, he raided a group of Nuremberg merchants returning from the great fair at Leipzig. On hearing this, Emperor Maximilian placed Berlichingen under an Imperial ban. He was only released from this in 1514, when he paid the large sum of 14,000 gulden. In 1516, in a feud with the Principality of Mainz and its Prince, Archbishop, Berlichingen and his company mounted a raid into Hesse, capturing Philip II, Count of Waldeck, in the process. A ransom of 8,400 gulden was paid for the safe return of the Count. For this action, he was again placed under an Imperial ban in 1518.

• Bulbul Joshi

Götz left the service of Frederick of Brandenburg and formed a company of mercenaries, offering his services to various dukes, margraves, and barons. When not engaged as a warrior, he kidnapped nobles for ransom and attacked convoys of merchants for booty, activities that twice put him under ban of the empire. He led a section of rebels in the Peasants' War (1525), but after claiming that he had been compelled by the rebels to do so, he was acquitted by the imperial chamber. In 1512, near the town of Forchheim, due to a long running and bitter feud with Nuremberg, he raided a group of Nuremberg merchants returning from the great fair at Leipzig. On hearing this, Emperor Maximilian placed Berlichingen under an Imperial ban. He was only released from this in 1514, when he paid the large sum of 14,000 gulden. In 1516, in a feud with the Principality of Mainz and its Prince, Archbishop, Berlichingen and his company mounted a raid into Hesse, capturing Philip II, Count of Waldeck, in the process. A ransom of 8,400 gulden was paid for the safe return of the Count. For this action, he was again placed under an Imperial ban in 1518.

Götz was seventeen when he entered the service of Frederick I, Margrave of Brandenburg-Ansbach. In 1498, he fought in the armies of Holy Roman Emperor Maximilian I, seeing action in Burgundy, Lorraine, and the Brabant, as well as in the Swabian War the following year. By 1500, he

had left the service of Frederick of Brandenburg and formed a company of mercenaries, offering his services to various dukes, margraves, and barons. When not engaged as a warrior, he kidnapped nobles for ransom and attacked convoys of merchants for booty, activities that twice put him under ban of the empire. He led a section of rebels in the Peasants' War (1525), but after claiming that he had been compelled by the rebels to do so, he was acquitted by the imperial chamber. In 1512, near the town of Forchheim, due to a long running and bitter feud with Nuremberg, he raided a group of Nuremberg merchants returning from the great fair at Leipzig. On hearing this, Emperor Maximilian placed Berlichingen under an Imperial ban. He was only released from this in 1514, when he paid the large sum of 14,000 gulden. In 1516, in a feud with the Principality of Mainz and its Prince, Archbishop, Berlichingen and his company mounted a raid into Hesse, capturing Philip II, Count of Waldeck, in the process. A ransom of 8,400 gulden was paid for the safe return of the Count. For this action, he was again placed under an Imperial ban in 1518.

In 1519, he signed up in the service of Ulrich, Duke of Württemberg, who was at war with the Swabian League. He fought in

the defence of Möckmühl, but eventually was forced to surrender the town, owing to a lack of supplies and ammunition. In violation of the terms of surrender, he was held prisoner and handed over to the citizens of Heilbronn, a town he had raided several times. His fellow knights Georg von Frundsberg and Franz von Sickingen successfully argued for his release in 1522, but only after he paid a ransom of 2,000 gulden and swore not to take vengeance on the League.

In 1525, with the outbreak of the German Peasants' War, Berlichingen led the rebel army in the district of Odenwald against the local nobility. Despite this, he was (according to his own account) not a fervent supporter of their cause. He agreed to lead the rebel party because he had no other option, and partly in an effort to curb the excesses of the rebellion. Despite his wishes to stop wanton violence, Berlichingen found himself powerless to control the rebels, and after a month of nominal leadership, he deserted his command and returned to the Burg Jagsthausen to sit out the rest of the war.

Berlichingen agreed to this, and remained near the Hornberg until

Charles V, Holy Roman Emperor, released him from his oath in 1540.

He served under Charles in the 1542 campaign against the Ottoman Empire of Suleyman the Magnificent in Hungary, and in 1544, in the Imperial invasion of France under Francis I of France.

After the Imperial victory, he was called before the Diet of Speyer to account for his actions. On 17 October 1526, he was acquired by the Imperial chamber. Despite this, in November 1528, he was lured to Augsburg by the Swabian League, who were eager to settle old scores. After reaching Augsburg under promise of safe passage, and while preparing to clear himself of the old charges against

him made by the league, he was seized and made prisoner until 1530 when he was liberated, but only after repeating his oath of 1522 and agreeing to return to his Burg Hornberg and remain in that area.

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After the

तीस हजार रुपये की रिश्वत लेते एएसआई गिरफ्तार

नागौर/जयपुर। भ्रष्टाचार निरोधक सहायक पुलिस उप निरीक्षक व्यूरो (एसआई) की नामी टीम ने (एएसआई) सुखराम पचास हजार गुरुवार को कार्रवाई करते हुए पुलिस रुपये की रिश्वत की मांग कर रहा है, थाना पादूकला जिला नागौर में तेतात जिस पर एसीवी की टीम ने रिश्वत मांग सहायक पुलिस उप निरीक्षक सुखराम सत्पान करवाया गया, जिसमें को तीस हजार रुपये की रिश्वत लेते सहायक पुलिस उप निरीक्षक गिरफ्तार किया गया है। भ्रष्टाचार निरोधक (एएसआई) सुखराम की ओर से व्यूरो की अतिरिक्त पुलिस पचास हजार रुपये की रिश्वत कर महिनेशक सिमता श्रीवास्तव ने परिवारी के ज्यादा जोर देते पर रिश्वत बताया कि, एसीवी नागौर टीम को किया हुआ इच्छा अनुसार देना तब परिवारी ने शिकायत दी कि पुलिस किया गया। इस पर एसीवी टीम नागौर थाना पादूकला में दर्ज प्रकरण में सोलाकी के नेतृत्व में दूर्घता की कार्रवाई करते हुए सहायक पुलिस उप निरीक्षक सुखराम को गिरफ्तार करने एवं एसीवी की तीस हजार रुपये की रिश्वत लेते गिरफ्तार किया गया है।

राजस्थान सरकार
कार्यालय जिला कलकटर, करौती
क्रमांक-लेना/प्रिनिवा/2025/1356

ई-निवादा सुचना संख्या 07/2025-26

राजस्थान न्यायालयों में RRCMS प्रोजेक्ट लापू किये जाने हुए जिला करौती के प्रत्येक राजस्थान न्यायालय कलकटर, अधिकारी, जिला कलकटर, साहाय्य कलकटर, उत्तराखण्ड अधिकारी हुए हाईकोर्ट कार्रवाई करते हुए इकाई आपूर्तिकालीन ईलाज/अधिकारी ईलाज/अधिकारी के विवरणों में अमुक्तमान राशि 21.00 लाख रुपये की ई-निवादा अमांत्रित की जाती है। निवादा प्रब्र. विस्तृत सुचना नामी आपूर्तिकालीन ईलाज/अधिकारी के विवरणों में अमुक्तमान राशि 10.00 लाख रुपये की विवरण https://sppp.rajasthan.nic.in, https://eproc.rajasthan.gov.in पर देखें वा डाउनलोड की जाकर https://eproc.rajasthan.gov.in पर निवादा अलाइन की जा सकती है।

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अतिरिक्त जिला कलकटर, करौतेरेट करौती

कार्यालय बीकानेर तिकाला पारिकर्ता, बीकानेर
Near Collector Office, Bikaner (Rajasthan) Fax: -91-151-2226012, 91-151-2226013
E-Mail Address:- uitkaran@rajasthan.gov.in Web Site :- urban.rajasthan.gov.in/uitkaran
क्रमांक - बीकानेर/वार्ड/क्लॉन/अ.क्रॉन/पर्सनल/2025-26/6534

ई-निवादा सुचना संख्या 38/2025-26

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दल/क्रांक/वी/25/11774
अधिकारी अधिकारा (विवर)

कृषि नाविद्यालय, लालसोट (दोसा)
(बीकानेर बृहद वृक्ष विविधालय, दोसा)

क्रमांक - नागौर/क्रांक/वी/2025/693

खुली निवादा सुचना

इस महाविद्यालय में कार्य के लिए सहायक वापकणों सहित मोटर परम प्रति दौ, बोरेल खुदाई एवं भूमित सिवियालों कार्य हेतु दिनांक 10.2025 को दोपहर 12.00 बजे तक निवादाएँ अमांत्रित एवं उत्तरी दिन 1.00 बजे खोली जावेंगी। निवादा प्रब्र. एवं शर्तीय विवरण वेबसाईट https://www.eproc.rajasthan.gov.in & www.urban.rajasthan.gov.in/uitkaran पर देखा जा सकता है।

लालसोट/वी/25/11777
अधिकारा

Rajasthan State Forest Development Corporation Limited
(A Government of Rajasthan Undertaking) Badarpur, GFC Colony, Suratgarh,
Phone No: 01509-223366, Email: gmsuratgarh@rajasthan.gov.in

क्रमांक - एफ-09/ट्रॉट/ग्रा/वार्ड/कालीन/पर्सनल/2025-26/1133

दिनांक :- 06/10/2025
CORRIGENDUM-1

सर्वसाधारण को सूचित किया जाता है कि इस कार्यालय की ई-बीकानी आमन्त्रण सुचना 2/2025-26 क्रांक 1102-1107 दिनांक 29.09.2025 को प्रकाशित की जाएगी और व्यापक विवरण वेबसाईट https://www.rajasthan.gov.in वर्ष 2025-26 तक आमांत्रित होने वाली राशि 2.00 में “जलाल लकड़ी गीली” के स्थान पर “निवादा छार उत्तराखण्ड” यह जावे। शेष बोली की शर्त एवं सम्बन्धित राशि।

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निवादा प्रब्र.
राजस्थान तक वा फिल विवर विवर वीकानेर, लालसोट, लालसोट

क्रमांक-वी/25/11771

कार्यालय नगर पालिका लोसल (सीकर)

क्रमांक : न. पा. लो./2025-26/2481

ई-निवादा सुचना 04/2024-25

नगरपालिका माडल लोसल द्वारा वारांशीक कार्यों के अन्तर्गत कार्य करवाये जाने हेतु सक्षम पंजीकृत संवेदकों से विद्युतीय तरीकों पर यांत्रिकीय विवरणों की विद्युत कार्य हेतु निवादाएँ अमांत्रित एवं उत्तरी दिन 1.00 बजे खोली जावेंगी। निवादा प्रब्र. एवं शर्तीय विवरण वेबसाईट https://www.rajasthan.gov.in वर्ष 2024-25 तक आमांत्रित की जाती है। निवादा की शर्त http://eproc.rajasthan.gov.in वर्ष 2024-25 तक आमांत्रित की जाती है। जिसके एन.आई.वी कोड - DBL2526A6896 व यु.ग्री.एन. नम्बर निम्नानुसार है-

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